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City of Coachella, County of Riverside, State of California.

- 3. Defendant THE COACHELLA LIGHTHOUSE 2, LLC at all times mentioned herein was and is a California limited liability company with its principal place of business in the City of Coachella, County of Riverside, State of California
- 4. Defendant THE LIGHTHOUSE PALM SPRINGS, LLC at all times mentioned herein was and is a California limited liability company with its principal place of business in the City of Palm Springs, County of Riverside, State of California.
- 5. Defendants named herein as DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, are sued herein under fictitious names. Their true names and capacities are unknown to Plaintiff. When their true names and capacities are ascertained, Plaintiff will amend this Complaint by inserting their true names and capacities. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the fictitiously named Defendants is responsible in some manner for the occurrences herein alleged and that Plaintiff's damages as herein alleged were proximately caused by their conduct.
- 6. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that at all times herein mentioned, each of the Defendants, including DOES, were acting as the agents, servants, and employees of their co-defendants, and in doing the things hereinafter alleged were acting within the scope of their authority as such agents, servants, and employees, and with the permission and consent, either express or implied of each of their co-defendants.

### VENUE

7. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to *Code of Civil Procedure* section 395.5.

## **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 8. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein paragraphs 1 through 7, inclusive, of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 9. Plaintiff is a well-known, well-regarded, high quality lighting, home décor, and ceiling designer and dealer. Plaintiff has showrooms in La Quinta, California and Palm Desert, California. Plaintiff has operated in the Coachella Valley since 2002, and was nominated for "Best Lighting Showroom" in both 2004 and 2007. Plaintiff advertises extensively in Riverside County, California, and especially throughout the Coachella Valley. Plaintiff recorded a fictitious

business name statement in the County of Riverside in 2004, which was refiled on the day it expired in 2009, and against in 2014. The current statement does not expire until August 21, 2019.

- 10. In 2018, Plaintiff became aware of Defendant THE COACHELLA LIGHTHOUSE, LLC (hereafter "Defendant"), operating under the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE."
- 11. Plaintiff was asked by clients and colleagues on several occasions during 2018 about Defendant.
- 12. In or about September 2018, a client and colleague of Plaintiff brought to Plaintiff's attention that Defendant was advertising on a locally-owned and -operated website.
- 13. On or about October 9, 2018, Plaintiff sent Defendant a cease-and-desist letter, demanding that Defendant cease operating its use of the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE." A true and correct copy of that letter is attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "A."
- 14. On or about October 24, 2018, Defendant's counsel sent Plaintiff its response, effectively saying that Defendant had no intention of operating under another name. A true and correct copy of that letter is attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "B."
- 15. On or about January 5, 2019, an individual named "Erik Khan" attempted to leave a Google review regarding Plaintiff.<sup>1</sup> The review begins "Staff is very friendly. The dispensary itself is very clean and organized..." The two-star (of five) review was clearly meant for Defendant, not for Plaintiff.

### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

### **DECLARATORY RELIEF**

### (Against All Defendants)

- 16. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein paragraphs 1 through 15, inclusive, of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
  - 17. Plaintiff alleges that an actual controversy exists as to the following issues:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The review was only "attempted" in this case because proprietors must enable Google reviews, a feature which Plaintiff had not yet enabled.

- 17.1 Defendant has used and is currently using Plaintiff's name in the operation of Defendant's business to the detriment of Plaintiff's business.
- 17.2 Defendant's use of Plaintiff's name in the operation of Defendant's business has already led to actual confusion of the businesses.
- 17.3 Defendant's use of Plaintiff's name in the operation of Defendant's business will likely, if it has not already, have an adverse effect Plaintiff's goodwill due to the perceived association or perceived unity of Plaintiff's and Defendant's businesses.
- 18. Plaintiff desires a judicial determination of its rights and duties, and a declaration as to the Plaintiff's right to the exclusive right to the use of "THE LIGHTHOUSE" name.
- 19. Plaintiff alleges that a judicial declaration is necessary and appropriate at this time under the circumstances in order that Plaintiff may operate its business without, *inter alia*, the inevitable confusion and loss of goodwill that comes with Defendant's use of Plaintiff's name.

# SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

### MISLEADING ADVERTISING

## (Against All Defendants)

- 20. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein paragraphs 1 through 19, inclusive, of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 21. Plaintiff has operated its business under the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" in the Coachella Valley since 2002. In that time, Plaintiff developed substantial goodwill, a loyal customer base, and an excellent reputation.
- 22. Defendant currently operates its cannabis dispensary business under the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE."
- 23. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant's operation of that business using the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" includes advertising extensively throughout the Coachella Valley, including video advertisements, online advertisements, and written advertisements.
- 24. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that an actual customer of Defendant wrote an internet review of Plaintiff based on that customer's actual confusion of

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Plaintiff and Defendant.

- 25. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that others have been, are, or will likely be deceived by Defendant's use of Plaintiff's name.
- 26. Plaintiff is concerned that Defendant's use of the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" in the operation of its cannabis business will have an adverse effect Plaintiff's goodwill due to the perceived association or perceived unity of Plaintiff's and Defendant's businesses.

## THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

## UNLAWFUL BUSINESS PRACTICES

## (Against All Defendants)

- 27. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein paragraphs 1 through 26, inclusive, of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 28. Plaintiff has operated its business under the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" in the Coachella Valley since 2002. In that time, Plaintiff developed substantial goodwill, a loyal customer base, and an excellent reputation.
- 29. Defendant currently operates its cannabis dispensary business under the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE."
- 30. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant's operation of that business using the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" includes advertising extensively throughout the Coachella Valley, including video advertisements, online advertisements, and written advertisements.
- 31. Plaintiff is concerned that Defendant's use of the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" in the operation of its cannabis business will have an adverse effect Plaintiff's goodwill due to the perceived association or perceived unity of Plaintiff's and Defendant's businesses.
- 32. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant's operation of that business using the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" violates *Corporations Code* section 17701.08(b) and/or (c).
- 33. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant's operation of that business using the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" violates *Corporations Code* section 201.

34. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant has failed to file a fictitious business name certificate pursuant to *Business & Professions Code* section 17900.

## FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

### UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES

## (Against All Defendants)

- 35. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein paragraphs 1 through 34, inclusive, of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 36. Plaintiff has operated its business under the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" in the Coachella Valley since 2002. In that time, Plaintiff developed substantial goodwill, a loyal customer base, and an excellent reputation.
- 37. Defendant currently operates its cannabis dispensary business under the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE."
- 38. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant's operation of that business using the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" includes advertising extensively throughout the Coachella Valley, including video advertisements, online advertisements, and written advertisements.
- 39. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that an actual customer of Defendant wrote an internet review of Plaintiff based on that customer's actual confusion of Plaintiff and Defendant.
- 40. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that others have been, are, or will likely be deceived by Defendant's use of Plaintiff's name.
- 41. Plaintiff is concerned that Defendant's use of the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" in the operation of its cannabis business will have an adverse effect the goodwill that Plaintiff has developed due to the perceived association or perceived unity of Plaintiff's and Defendant's businesses.

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## FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

## IMPROPER USE OF TRADE NAME

## (Against All Defendants)

- 42. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein paragraphs 1 through 41, inclusive, of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 43. Plaintiff has operated its business under the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" in the Coachella Valley since 2002. In that time, Plaintiff developed substantial goodwill, a loyal customer base, and an excellent reputation.
- 44. Defendant currently operates its cannabis dispensary business under the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE."
- 45. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that Defendant's operation of that business using the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" includes advertising extensively throughout the Coachella Valley, including video advertisements, online advertisements, and written advertisements.
- 46. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that an actual customer of Defendant wrote an internet review of Plaintiff based on that customer's actual confusion of Plaintiff and Defendant.
- 47. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that others have been, are, or will likely be deceived by Defendant's use of Plaintiff's name.
- 48. Plaintiff is concerned that Defendant's use of the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE" in the operation of its cannabis business will have an adverse effect Plaintiff's goodwill due to the perceived association or perceived unity of Plaintiff's and Defendant's businesses.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for Judgment against Defendant, and each of them, as follows:

## AS TO THE FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

- 1. For a judicial declaration of the parties' rights and duties with respect to Plaintiff's and Defendant's business names;
  - 2. For costs of suit herein incurred; and

1	3. For such other relief as the court may deem proper;					
2		AS TO THE SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION				
3	4.	For an injunction against Defendant's continued use of the name "THE				
4	LIGHTHOU	SE";				
5	5.	For reasonable attorneys' fees;				
6	6.	For costs of suit herein incurred; and				
7	7.	For such other relief as the Court deems proper;				
8	AS TO THE THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION					
9	8.	For an injunction against Defendant's continued use of the name "THE				
10	LIGHTHOUSE";					
11	9.	For reasonable attorneys' fees;				
12	10.	For costs of suit herein incurred; and				
13	11.	For such other relief as the Court deems proper;				
14	AS TO THE FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION					
15	12.	For an injunction against Defendant's continued use of the name "THE				
16	LIGHTHOUSE";					
17	13.	For reasonable attorneys' fees;				
1,8	14.	For costs of suit herein incurred; and				
19	15.	For such other relief as the Court deems proper;				
20	AS TO THE FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION					
21	16.	For statutory damages in an amount no less than \$1,000.00;				
22	17.	For an injunction against Defendant's continued use of the name "THE				
23	LIGHTHOUSE";					
24	18.	For reasonable attorneys' fees;				
25	19.	For costs of suit herein incurred;				
26	20.	For punitive damages; and				
27	21.	For such other relief as the Court deems proper;				
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# AS TO THE SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

- 22. For an injunction against Defendant's continued use of the name "THE LIGHTHOUSE";
  - 23. For reasonable attorneys' fees;
  - 24. For costs of suit herein incurred; and
  - 25. For such other relief as the Court deems proper

Date: May 8, 2019

ROVER ARMSTRONG, A.P.C.

Bv:

STEPHEN J. ARMSTRONG GARRETT A. HECKMAN Attorneys for Plaintiff

F.K.G., Inc. dba The Lighthouse

1<sup>.</sup>5





www.RoverArmstrong.com

760 346-4741 office 760 346-3871 fax

October 9, 2018

## VIA E-MAIL AND CERTIFIED U.S. MAIL

The Lighthouse Dispensary 84160 Avenue 48 Coachella, CA 92236

Phone: (442) 256-3627

E-Mail: info@lighthousedispensary.com

Re: Cease & Desist Use of the Name "Lighthouse"

To Whom it may concern:

This office represents The Light House Lighting & Ceiling Fan Showroom ("The Light House"). The Light House is a full-service lighting and ceiling fan showroom specializing in design, appropriate selections, licensed installation, and in-store financing. The Light House has been owned and operated in the Coachella Valley since 2002.

Our client recently became aware of your business, which operates under the name "The Lighthouse." Our client believes your use of the name not only causes an obvious likelihood of confusion from the perspective of prospective customers with its own tradename, but also constitutes dilution within the meanings of the *Business & Professions Code* section 14000 et seq.

Although formal registration constitutes presumptive evidence of ownership of trademark, it is not a required condition to establish a protectable proprietary interest. North Carolina Dairy Foundation, Inc. v. Foremost-McKesson, Inc. (1979) 92 Cal. App. 3d 98.

As you are now on notice of our client's use of this tradename, consider this as our formal demand that you cease and desist from any further infringement, disparagement, or dilution of the tradename "The Lighthouse." Specifically, we demand that you withdraw any pending federal and state applications related to "The Lighthouse" and engage in no further attempt to develop products and/or marketing strategies related thereto. While we understand that it may be unpleasant to change a business name, it seems that you are still in the initial stages and we suspect that the demands made herein can be implemented with a nominal amount of inconvenience. Please be advised that in the event you refuse to comply with our reasonable demands, we will seek all available remedies, but not limited to, compensatory damages, punitive and exemplary damages, attorney fees, and injunctive relief. We trust such will not be necessary and that these matters may be resolved informally.

October 9, 2018 Page 2

Please advise whether you will comply with our requests by <u>October 12, 2018</u>. Should you wish to discuss this matter, please feel free to contact me. I look forward to hearing from you.

Very truly yours,

ROVER/ARMSTRONG, APC

Garrett A. Heckman

GAH/

cc: Client L100918.Lighthouse



October 24, 2018

VIA EMAIL & CERTIFIED MAIL

The Lighthouse Lighting & Ceiling Fan Showroom C/o Rover Armstrong Attn: Garrett A. Heckman 75100 Mediterranean Palm Desert, CA 92211

Re: Coachella Valley Lighthouse

Dear Mr. Heckman,

Our firm represents The Lighthouse Dispensary and we acknowledge receipt of your letter dated October 9, 2018. We do not agree with the assertions contained therein and do not believe there is a reasonable basis for any confusion. First, the parties' services are clearly very different, non-competitive and unrelated. Second, the mark LIGHTHOUSE appears to be diluted, as a search of the USPTO database (in addition to a Google search) retrieved numerous active records of businesses and lighting companies (including lighting companies in Southern California) using this term, suggesting that no one party has exclusive rights to this term and/or any rights would be narrowly protected. And finally, the use of the word "Light" in your client's mark is likely descriptive, given that your client is in the business of selling lighting fixtures. We disagree that your client has any valid claim for infringement, disparagement, or dilution, and your letter presents no facts that would indicate otherwise.

Sincerely,

Alison Malsbury

Attorney for The Lighthouse Dispensary

		CM-010		
attorney or party without attorney (Name, State Stephen J. Armstrong, SBN		FOR COURT USE ONLY		
Garrett A. Heckman, SBN:				
ROVER ARMSTRONG, A.P.C.	500444			
75100 Mediterranean				
Palm Desert, CA 92211				
TELEPHONE NO.: (760)346-4741	FAX NO.: (760)346-3871			
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): F.K.G., Inc.				
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF				
street ADDRESS: 3255 E Tahquit				
MAILING ADDRESS: 3255 E Tahquit	z Canyon Way			
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Palm Springs 9				
BRANCH NAME: Palm Springs C		_		
CASENAME: F.K.G., Inc. v. et al.	The Coachella Lighthouse,			
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER: CA O O O A E A		
X Unlimited Limited	Counter Joinder	CASE NUMBER C1903151		
(Amount (Amount	Filed with first appearance by defendant	JUDGE:		
demanded demanded is	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	DEPT:		
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	6 below must be completed (see instructions or	1 page 2).		
Check one box below for the case type      Auto Tort		Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation		
		Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3,400-3,403)		
Auto (22)				
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)		
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Cirici collections (cs)	Construction defect (10)		
	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)		
Asbestos (04)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)		
Product liability (24)	Real Property	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)		
Medical malpractice (45)	Eminent domain/Inverse	Insurance coverage claims arising from the		
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	condemnation (14)	above listed provisionally complex case		
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	types (41)		
X Business tort/unfair business practice	(07) Other real property (26)	Inforcement of Judgment		
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)		
Defamation (13)		Ilscellaneous Civil Complaint		
		RICO (27)		
Fraud (16)	Residential (32)			
Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)		
Professional negligence (25)		Alscellaneous Civil Petition		
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)		
Employment	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)		
Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)			
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)			
2. This case is X is not co	omplex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules	of Court. If the case is complex, mark the		
factors requiring exceptional judicial ma	nagement:			
<ul> <li>a. Large number of separately re</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>b. Extensive motion practice rais</li> </ul>	ing difficult or novel e. 🔲 Coordination with	related actions pending in one or more courts		
issues that will be time-consun	ning to resolve in other counties,	states, or countries, or in a federal court		
c. Substantial amount of docume	entary evidence f. Substantial postju	udgment judicial supervision		
3. Remedies sought (check all that apply).		laratory or injunctive relief c. punitive		
	1. Declaratory Relief 2. Misleading Advertising 3. Unlaw	5. Impropert Use of Trade Name		
	class action suit.	/ /		
	e and serve a notice of related case. (You may	use form CM-015.)		
Date: 05/08/2019	1/-	4		
Garrett A. Heckman	- I IN	THE OF PARTY OF A PORTE VICE OF PARTY		
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		TURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)		
B	NOTICE			
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed      Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed      Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed      Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed      Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the first paper filed in the action or proceeding (except small claims cases or cases filed				
under the Probate Code, Family Code, or Welfare and Institutions Code). (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result in sanctions.				
File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.				
• If this case is complex under rule 3.400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all				
other parties to the action or proceeding	g.			
<ul> <li>Unless this is a collections case under in</li> </ul>	• Unless this is a collections case under rule 3.740 or a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only.  Page 1 of 2			
		rage 1 01 2		

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1. check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court, this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its first appearance a joinder in the plaintiffs designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex. **CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES** 

#### **Auto Tort**

Auto (22)—Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to arbitration, check this item instead of Auto)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/ Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort

Asbestos (04)

Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death Product Liability (not asbestos or

toxic/environmental) (24) Medical Malpractice (45)

Medical Malpractice-

Physicians & Surgeons

Other Professional Health Care

Malpractice

Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall)

Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD

(e.g., assault, vandalism)

Intentional Infliction of

**Emotional Distress** 

Negligent Infliction of

**Emotional Distress** 

Other PI/PD/WD

#### Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Unfair Business Practice (07)

Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination,

false arrest) (not civil

harassment) (08)

Defamation (e.g., slander, libel)

(13)

Fraud (16)

Intellectual Property (19)

Professional Negligence (25)

Legal Malpractice

Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)

Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35)

**Employment** 

Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

### Contract

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06)

Breach of Rental/Lease

Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction)

Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller

Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence)

Negligent Breach of Contract/

Warranty

Other Breach of Contract/Warranty

Collections (e.g., money owed, open

book accounts) (09)

Collection Case-Seller Plaintiff Other Promissory Note/Collections

Case

Insurance Coverage (not provisionally

complex) (18)

Auto Subrogation Other Coverage

Other Contract (37)

Contractual Fraud

Other Contract Dispute

#### Real Property

Eminent Domain/Inverse

Condemnation (14)

Wrongful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26)
Writ of Possession of Real Property

Mortgage Foreclosure

Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent

domain, landlord/tenant, or

foreclosure)

### **Unlawful Detainer**

Commercial (31)

Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal

drugs, check this item; otherwise,

report as Commercial or Residential)

#### **Judicial Review**

Asset Forfeiture (05)

Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)

Writ of Mandate (02)

Writ-Administrative Mandamus

Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court

Case Matter

Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review

Other Judicial Review (39)

Review of Health Officer Order

Notice of Appeal-Labor

Commissioner Appeals

#### Provisionally Complex CivII LitIgation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3,400-3,403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)

Construction Defect (10) Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)

Securities Litigation (28)

Environmental/Toxic Tort (30)

Insurance Coverage Claims

(arising from provisionally complex

case type listed above) (41)

#### **Enforcement of Judgment**

Enforcement of Judgment (20)

Abstract of Judgment (Out of

County)

Confession of Judgment (non-

domestic relations)

Sister State Judgment · Administrative Agency Award

(not unpaid taxes)

Petition/Certification of Entry of

Judgment on Unpaid Taxes Other Enforcement of Judgment

Case

#### Miscellaneous Civil Complaint

RICO (27)

Other Complaint (not specified

above) (42)

**Declaratory Relief Only** 

Injunctive Relief Only (non-

harassment)

Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint

Case (non-tort/non-complex)

Other Civil Complaint

(non-tort/non-complex)

### Miscellaneous Civil Petition

Partnership and Corporate

Governance (21)

Other Petition (not specified

above) (43) Civil Harassment

Workplace Violence

Elder/Dependent Adult

Abuse

**Election Contest** 

Petition for Name Change

Petition for Relief from Late Claim

Other Civil Petition